## Mitigation of Range Velocity Ambiguities

Strategy, current status, further development

### **Major Activities**

- Investigation of existing schemes, new approaches, theory
- Simulation studies
- Demonstration on time series data and in real time
- Transfer to operations

# Mitigation Strategy

- Existing capabilities (speed of volume coverage, accuracy of estimates) should not be compromised
- Use Volume Coverage Patterns (VCP) similar to the existing ones
- Match technique to Volume Coverage Pattern
  - Phase Coding (PC)
  - Staggered Pulse Repetition Time (PRT)

# **Two Complementary Techniques**



"Cleared range"  $R_a \sim 2T_u = T_1$ 



# **KOUN Radar Block Diagram**



# Capabilities of the Research RDA (on NSSL's WSR-88D)

- Generate arbitrary scans (VCPs) including RHI
- Unlimited recording of time series data (including dual polarization and over sampled)
- Play back time series data through RRDA
- Phase coding with decoding for 1<sup>st</sup> trip
- Staggered PRT and multiple PRTs

## **Time Series Data**

- Twelve cases from Feb through June
  - Both Staggered and Phase coded either within the same VCP or alternate VCPs
  - Consist of: 5 storm clusters; 3 Mesoscale
    Convective Systems; 2 Squall lines; 2 Stratiform
  - Most VCPs contain two or three lowest elevations, two cases have a modified VCP-11
- Three cases: Aug and Oct have only phase coded data

# Further Work

- Ongoing
  - Refinements in schemes to filter ground clutter
  - Definition of optimum VCPs
- Integration of R/V mitigation into other WSR-88D improvements
  - Dual Polarization
  - Oversampling
  - Adaptive VCP

#### END

### Comparison Phase Coding vs Staggered PRT

	Spectral Process	GCF	Implement- ation	Max Ra	Max Va	Echo separation
Phase Coding	2	1	0			
Stagger PRT			0	1	1	1

Key: 2 = major advantage; 1 = minor advantage; 0 = neutral



"Cleared range"  $R_a \sim 2T_u = T_1$ 

